



Calculate the Level I concentrations factor value (SH) for the watershed as follows:

$$SH = 10(WH + \sum_{i=1}^n S_i)$$

where:

WH - Value assigned from Table 4-24 to wetlands along the area of Level I concentrations.

$S_i$  - Value(s) assigned from Table 4-23 to sensitive environment i.

n - Number of sensitive environments from Table 4-23 subject to Level I concentrations.

Enter the value assigned in Table 4-1.

4.1.4.3.1.2 Level II concentrations. Assign value(s) from Table 4-23 to each sensitive environment subject to Level II concentrations. Do not include sensitive environments already counted for Table 4-23 under the Level I concentrations factor for this watershed.

For those sensitive environments that are wetlands, assign an additional value from Table 4-24. In assigning a value from Table 4-24, include only those portions of wetlands located along the hazardous substance migration path in the area of Level II concentrations, as specified in Section 4.1.4.3.1.1.

Estimate the total length of wetlands along the hazardous substance migration path (that is, wetland frontage) in the area of Level II concentrations and assign a value from Table 4-24 based on this total length. Estimate this length as specified in Section 4.1.4.3.1.1, except: for an isolated wetland or for a wetland where the probable point of entry to surface water is in the wetland, use the perimeter of that portion of the wetland subject to Level II (not Level I) concentrations as the length.

Most of the  
file was included  
in Richardson flat  
conversion